

Newport Asset Condition Transformer Replacement

vermont electric power company



VSPC Geographic Targeting Subcommittee January 8, 2024

Overview

Existing T1 Transformer

- 15/20 MVA autotransformer manufactured by Westinghouse in 1958
- VELCO's asset maintenance crew has identified through routine testing and maintenance that this transformer is approaching the end of its usable life expectancy

Replacement Transformer

- 30/40/50 MVA autotransformer manufactured by General Electric in 1971
- Transformer is currently being stored at the Newport substation as a spare

Project Details

- 248J filing to be submitted in January 2024
- Replacement to occur mid-summer 2024
- Replacement transformer is able to be installed on the existing foundation
- Cost estimate \$383K (with 20% contingency)



NTA Screening

Vermont Non-Transmission Alternatives Screening Form

For use in screening to determine whether or not a transmission system **reliability issue** requires non-transmission alternatives (NTA) analysis in accordance with the Memorandum of Understanding in Docket 7081. Projects intended for energy market-related purposes – "economic" transmission – and other non-reliability-related projects do not fall within the scope of the Docket 7081 process.

Identify the proposed upgrade:		Newport Asset Condition Transformer Replacement	
Dat	te of analysis:	January 8th, 2024	_
1.	 "impracticable" (check all that a a. Needed for a redundant s b. Maintenance-related, add c. Addressing transmission p protection or a switch to s d. Needed to address stabilitie. Other technical reason wh justification that must be 	Supply to a radial load; or dressing asset condition, operations, or safety; or performance, e.g., addition of high-speed sectionalize a line; or ty or short circuit problems; ¹ or hy NTAs are impracticable. <i>Attach detailed</i>	
2.	What is the proposed transmission project's need date? <u>Not applicable</u> If the need for the project is based on existing or imminent reliability criteria violations (i.e., arising within one year based on the controlling load forecast), project screens out of full NTA analysis.		

¹ "Stability" refers to the ability of a power system to recover from any disturbance or interruption. Instability can occur when there is a loss of synchronism at one or more generators (rotor angle stability), a significant loss of load or generation within the system (frequency stability), or a reactive power deficiency (voltage stability). Stability problems are influenced by system parameters such as transmission line lengths and configuration, protection component type and speed, reactive power sources and loads, and generator type and configuration. Due to the nature of instability, non-transmission alternatives involving addition of generation or reduction of load will not solve these problems.



NTA Screening (continued)

 Could elimination or deferral of all or part of the upgrade be accomplished by a 25% or smaller load reduction or off-setting generation of the same magnitude? (See note.) If "no," project screens out of full NTA analysis. 		
 Is the likely reduction in costs from the potential elimination or deferral of all or part of the upgrade greater than \$2.5 million. (See note.) If "no," project screens out of full NTA analysis. 		
Sign and date this form. This analysis performed by:	Hantz A. Présumé – System Planning Director Print name & title VELCO Company January 8th, 2024 Date Man J. Pohime	-
	Signature	

